

SAFETY DATA SHEET | PART 2 DRY

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

Flying Pig Coatings, LLC.
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Grand Rapids, MI 49534
Phone +1-616-947-4888

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: CHEMTREC (800)-424-9300

APPLICATION AND USE: FPC-1 is a cementitious product intended to be used as a decorative and protective coating over a variety of concrete and masonry surfaces. This is a two-component product intended to be used in conjunction with FPC-1 Part 1 Liquid.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: This is the dry portion of a two-component product and is intended to be used in conjunction with FPC-1 Part 1 Liquid.

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of substance or mixture:

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 H314

Skin sensitization Category 1 H317

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H335

respiratory irritation

Carcinogenicity Category 1A H350

GHS Label Elements:

Hazard symbol:



Signal word: Danger

Label Hazard Statements:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H350 May cause cancer through repeated inhalation.

H372 Causes damage to respiratory system through prolonged and repeated exposure.

Label Precautionary Statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling this product.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling this product.

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P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.
P301+330+331 IF SWALLOWED Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call poison center/physician.
P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair) Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call poison center/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED Remove victim to fresh air and in a position comfortable for breathing.
P342 + P313 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get medical attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.
P337 + P310 If eye irritation persists: Immediately call a poison center/physician.
P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Other hazards which do not result in classification or are not covered by the GHS: May form combustible dust concentrations in the air.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is regulated as a mixture

Ingredient	CAS #	EC#	% (by weight)
Hazardous			
Portland Cement type 1	65997-15-1	ND	<30%
Crystalline silica quartz	14808-60-7	ND	<55%
Non-hazardous			
Trade secret			<10%
Trade secret			<5%

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:

Get medical attention immediately.
Call a poison center or physician.
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.
Check for and remove any contact lenses.
Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.
A physician must promptly treat chemical burns.

Skin Contact:

Get medical attention immediately.
Heavy exposure to Portland cement dust, wet concrete or associated water requires prompt attention.
Quickly remove contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods such as watchbands and belts.
Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess Portland cement.
Immediately wash thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and non-abrasive pH neutral soap.
Seek medical attention for rashes, burns, irritation, dermatitis and prolonged unprotected exposures to wet cement, cement mixtures or liquids from wet cement.

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Burns should be treated as caustic burns.

Portland cement causes skin burns with little warning.

Discomfort or pain cannot be relied upon to alert a person to a serious injury.

You may not feel pain or the severity of the burn until hours after the exposure.

A physician must promptly treat chemical burns.

In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Inhalation:

Seek medical help if coughing or other symptoms persist.

Inhalation of large amounts of Portland cement requires immediate medical attention.

Call a poison center or physician.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If the individual is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway

Ingestion:

Get medical attention immediately.

Call a poison center or physician.

Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink.

Have victim drink 60 to 240 mL (2 to 8 oz.) of water.

Stop giving water if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous.

If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

A physician must promptly treat chemical burns.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Eye contact: causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: may cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Eye contact: pain, watering, and redness.

Inhalation: respiratory tract irritation and coughing.

Skin contact: pain or irritation, redness and blistering may occur, skin burns, ulceration and necrosis may occur.

Ingestion: stomach pains.

Potential chronic health effects:

Long-term exposure to high concentrations of crystalline silica quartz may cause cancer.

Long-term exposure to high concentrations of dust containing iron oxide can cause a benign condition termed "pulmonary siderosis." This condition is not associated with any physical impairment of lung function

Note to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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Extinguishing Media: Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, Dry Chemical or CO2 appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special Hazards: Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard: Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Electrostatic charging is possible.

Advice for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Avoid dust generation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from spill. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff from contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Methods for clean-up: Dry spills may be scooped up. Attempt to prevent dry product (dust) from becoming airborne. Wet product may be scraped up and placed in appropriate disposal containers. Allow wet product to dry before disposal. Do not flush down drains.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Promptly remove dusty clothing or clothing that has become wet with the mixed product. Launder clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly after exposure to product. Avoid formation of dust as dust may form explosive mixture with air. Avoid dust deposit, remove dust regularly. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic charging. Keep away from open flames, heat, and sparks.

Conditions of safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store product in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Prevent against physical damage and moisture. Normal temperatures and pressures do not affect the material. Wet Portland cement is alkaline. As such it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Wet Portland cement can cause severe chemical burns; do not get inside clothing, boots, shoes, or gloves.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component	Value / Source			
Portland cement 65997-15-1	TLV	1mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 8h	No data available	ACGIH
Portland cement 65997-15-1	REL	5mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 10h	10mg/m ³ (total dust) 10h	NIOSH
Portland cement 65997-15-1	TWA	5mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 8h	15mg/m ³ (total dust) 8h	OSHA PEL
Crystalline Silica, quartz 14808-60-7	TWA	0.05mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 10h	No data available	NIOSH REL
Crystalline Silica, quartz 14808-60-7	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 8h	No data available	ACGIH TLV
Crystalline Silica, quartz 14808-60-7	TWA	10mg/m ³ divided by %SiO ₂ + 2 (respirable fraction)	30mg/m ³ divided by %SiO ₂ + 2 (total dust)	OSHA PEL

Exposure Controls Appropriate engineering controls: Use mechanical ventilation (dilution and local exhaust) to control exposure within applicable limits. Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne.

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Personal Protective Equipment Eye/face protection: To prevent eye contact, wear safety glasses with side shields, safety goggles or face shields when handling dust or wet cement. Wearing contact lenses when working with cement is not recommended.

Skin protection: Wear impervious clothing to eliminate skin contact. Where needed wear boots that are impervious to water to eliminate foot and ankle exposure. If clothing becomes saturated with wet concrete, it should be removed and replaced with dry clothing. Wear impervious gloves to eliminate skin contact. Do not rely on barrier creams. Periodically wash areas contacted by wet cement or its dry ingredients with pH neutral soap and water. Wash again at the end of work.

Respiratory protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection use and maintenance must be accordance with regulatory requirements.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Clean water should always be readily available for skin and (emergency) eye washing. Periodically wash areas contacted by Portland cement with a pH neutral soap and clean, uncontaminated water. If clothing becomes saturated with Portland cement, garments should be removed and replaced with clean, dry clothing.

Control of environmental exposure: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains or waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General

Physical state: powder

Color: varies by selection

Odor: no distinct odor

Odor Threshold: Not available

Safety Data

pH in water: >11.5

Melting point: Not available

Boiling point: Not available

Flash point: Not available

Freeze Point: Not available

Evaporation rate: Not applicable

Vapor pressure (mm Hg.): Not applicable

Water solubility: 0.1 – 1%

Vapor density (air = 1): Not applicable

Relative density: 2.65

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts slowly with water forming hydrated compounds, releasing heat, and producing a strong alkaline solution until reaction is substantially complete.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous reactions: None under normal conditions of storage and use.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum, and ammonium salt. Portland cement is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride



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yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Inhalation LC50
Crystalline Silica, quartz 14808-60-7	500 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available

Acute Toxicity

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	Contains > 0.1% crystalline silica which can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and may have effects on the lungs, resulting in fibrosis (silicosis).
Ingestion	May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin	Dries skin and mucous membranes.
Eye	Slightly irritating, not classified.

Sensitization: Does not cause sensitization.

Mutagenicity: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains greater than 0.1% crystalline silica which is listed as a Group 1 carcinogen by IARC, a known carcinogen by NTP, OSHA and as A2 suspected human carcinogen by ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure: None

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure: Crystalline silica, quartz targets respiratory tract and kidneys (Category 1).

Aspiration Hazard: No data available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

Bio accumulative potential: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

This product is not regulated for transport.

Regulatory Information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Additional information	Marine pollutant
DOT	Not regulated				none	

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ADR/RID class	Not regulated				none	
IMDG class	Not regulated				none	
IATA class	Not regulated				none	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US federal regulations: This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D): Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

Crystalline Silica, quartz (impurity) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4): Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard Categories: None

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance: Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting):

Chromium, ion (Cr⁶⁺) CAS 8540-29-9 <0.1%

Lead (organic and inorganic) <0.1%

Nickel Compounds <0.1%

Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130): Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Chromium, ion (Cr⁶⁺)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): Not regulated.

US state regulations:

US. Massachusetts RTK Substance List: Portland cement (CAS 65997-15-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Portland cement (CAS 65997-15-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: Portland cement (CAS 65997-15-1)

US. California Proposition 65: Crystalline silica quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International lists:

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL): Portland cement is included on the DSL.

Mexico Inventory (INSQ): All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Recommended restriction: for use by trained professionals, having read the complete SDS.

Hazard Ratings

	health	flammability	physical
HMIS	1	0	0
NFPA	1	0	0

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